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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/767,212	01/28/2004	Frederick J. Dojan	005127.00277	2583
22909	7590 01/18/2006		EXAMINER	
BANNER & WITCOFF, LTD.			KAVANAUGH, JOHN T	
1001 G STREET, N.W. WASHINGTON, DC 20001-4597			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
	· ·		3728	

DATE MAILED: 01/18/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

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		Application No.	Applicant(s)				
Office Action Summary		10/767,212	DOJAN ET AL.				
		Examiner	Art Unit				
		Ted Kavanaugh	3728				
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication app or Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address				
WHIC - Exter after - If NO - Failu Any r	ORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY CHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DAIS nations of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. Period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period were to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing end patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tin rill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONE	N. nely filed the mailing date of this communication D (35 U.S.C. § 133).				
Status							
•	Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>20 December 2005</u> .						
	☐ This action is FINAL . 2b)☐ This action is non-final.						
3)[_	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
Diai4i	·	A parto quajro; roco c.z. r.; r.					
· _	ion of Claims						
	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.						
	4a) Of the above claim(s) <u>6,11,20 and 22</u> is/are withdrawn from consideration.						
· —	Claim(s) is/are allowed. Claim(s) <u>1-5,7-10,12-19,21,23-30</u> is/are rejected.						
	•						
·	Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Applicati	ion Papers		•				
9)□	The specification is objected to by the Examine	r.					
	The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce		Examiner.				
	Applicant may not request that any objection to the						
•	Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correcti	ion is required if the drawing(s) is ob	jected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).			
11)	The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	aminer. Note the attached Office	Action or form PTO-152.				
Priority ι	ınder 35 U.S.C. § 119						
a)[Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau See the attached detailed Office action for a list of	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive ı (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	ion No ed in this National Stage				
Attachment	t(s)						
	e of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview Summary					
3) 🔲 Inforr	e of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) mation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) r No(s)/Mail Date	Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	ate Patent Application (PTO-152)				

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DETAILED ACTION

Drawings

1. The drawings are objected to under 37 CFR 1.83(a). The drawings must show every feature of the invention specified in the claims. Therefore, the reinforcing structure formed of a first material and a different second material (claims 10 and 21) must be shown or the feature(s) canceled from the claim(s). This is a result of applicant's remarks on page 9 of the amendment filed December 20th, 2005. No new matter should be entered.

Corrected drawing sheets in compliance with 37 CFR 1.121(d) are required in reply to the Office action to avoid abandonment of the application. Any amended replacement drawing sheet should include all of the figures appearing on the immediate prior version of the sheet, even if only one figure is being amended. The figure or figure number of an amended drawing should not be labeled as "amended." If a drawing figure is to be canceled, the appropriate figure must be removed from the replacement sheet, and where necessary, the remaining figures must be renumbered and appropriate changes made to the brief description of the several views of the drawings for consistency. Additional replacement sheets may be necessary to show the renumbering of the remaining figures. Each drawing sheet submitted after the filing date of an application must be labeled in the top margin as either "Replacement Sheet" or "New Sheet" pursuant to 37 CFR 1.121(d). If the changes are not accepted by the examiner, the applicant will be notified and informed of any required corrective action in the next Office action. The objection to the drawings will not be held in abeyance.

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Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. Claims 1-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention. The reinforcing structure formed of "a nonfoam and non-rubber material" is new matter. Applicant states there is support found in paragraph #65. However, upon review of the paragraph there is no support for this. In fact, applicant teaches "a diverse range of materials".

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

- 3. The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:
 - (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 4. Claims 1,9,10,15,26,27 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over US 6918198 (Chi).

Chi teaches a sole component including a bladder (36) and a reinforcement structure (312) at least partially recessed into the barrier material as claimed except the structure formed of a non-foam and non-rubber material (claim 1), the structure has a greater modulus of elasticity (claims 9 and 26) and the structure having a greater stiffness as claimed (claim 27). Chi is silent with regard to what the material of the

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reinforcement structure. However, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to construct the structure out of nonfoam and non-rubber material, since it has been held to be within the general skill of a worker in the art to select a known material on the basis of its suitability for the intended use as a matter of obvious design choice. In re Leshin, 125 USPQ 416. Chi is silent with regard to the modulus of elasticity and the stiffness of the reinforcement structure and the barrier material. However, it is conventional and well known in the art for bladder to have a lower modulus of elasticity and stiffness than the structure enclosing the bladders. Bladders have a lower module of elasticity and stiffness inasmuch as bladders in the footwear art provide a cushioning effect for the wearer. Therefore, it would have been obvious to provide the reinforcing structure of Chi with a greater modulus elasticity and stiffness than barrier material of the bladder. Regarding claim 10, it would be obvious to construct the reinforcement structure out of a first and second different material inasmuch as a plurality of different materials can be used to based upon the characteristics desired for the individual.

Double Patenting

5. The nonstatutory double patenting rejection is based on a judicially created doctrine grounded in public policy (a policy reflected in the statute) so as to prevent the unjustified or improper timewise extension of the "right to exclude" granted by a patent and to prevent possible harassment by multiple assignees. See *In re Goodman*, 11 F.3d 1046, 29 USPQ2d 2010 (Fed. Cir. 1993); *In re Longi*, 759 F.2d 887, 225 USPQ 645 (Fed. Cir. 1985); *In re Van Ornum*, 686 F.2d 937, 214 USPQ 761 (CCPA 1982); *In re Vogel*, 422 F.2d 438, 164 USPQ 619 (CCPA 1970);and, *In re Thorington*, 418 F.2d 528, 163 USPQ 644 (CCPA 1969).

A timely filed terminal disclaimer in compliance with 37 CFR 1.321(c) may be used to overcome an actual or provisional rejection based on a nonstatutory double patenting ground provided the conflicting application or patent is shown to be commonly owned with this application. See 37 CFR 1.130(b).

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Effective January 1, 1994, a registered attorney or agent of record may sign a terminal disclaimer. A terminal disclaimer signed by the assignee must fully comply with 37 CFR 3.73(b).

6. Claims 1-5,7-10,12-19,21,23-30 are provisionally rejected under the judicially created doctrine of obviousness-type double patenting as being unpatentable over claims of copending Application No. 10/767211 and 10/767404. Although the conflicting claims are not identical, they are not patentably distinct from each other because the application claim is merely broader than the patent claim and therefore it would be obvious to leave out the other elements.

This is a <u>provisional</u> obviousness-type double patenting rejection because the conflicting claims have not in fact been patented.

Allowable Subject Matter

7. Claims 16-19,21,23,24,25,28-30 would be allowed upon filing a proper terminal disclaimer.

Response to Arguments

- 8. Applicant's arguments filed December 20th, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive. The examiner addresses the arguments in the body of the rejection above.
- 9. Applicant's remaining arguments have been considered but are most in view of the new ground(s) of rejection.

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Conclusion

10. Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

Conclusion

- 11. Applicant is duly reminded that a complete response must satisfy the requirements of 37 C.F. R. 1.111, including:
- -"The reply must present arguments pointing out the *specific* distinctions believed to render the claims, including any newly presented claims, patentable over any applied references."
- --"A general allegation that the claims define a patentable invention without specifically pointing out how the language of the claims patentably distinguishes them from the references does not comply with the requirements of this section."
- -Moreover, "The prompt development of a clear issue requires that the replies of the applicant meet the objections to and rejections of the claims. Applicant should also specifically point out the support for any amendments made to the disclosure. See MPEP 2163.06" MPEP 714.02. The "disclosure" includes the claims, the specification and the drawings.

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12. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). Other useful information can be

obtained at the PTO Home Page at www.uspto.gov.

In order to avoid potential delays, Technology Center 3700 is encouraging

FAXing of responses to Office Actions directly into the Center at (571) 273-8300

(FORMAL FAXES ONLY). Please identify Examiner Ted Kavanaugh of Art Unit 3728

at the top of your cover sheet.

Any inquiry concerning the MERITS of this examination from the examiner

should be directed to Ted Kavanaugh whose telephone number is (571) 272-4556. The

examiner can normally be reached from 6AM - 4PM.

Ted Kavanaugh Primary Examiner

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TK January 9, 2006